

# x550 Series

#### Stackable 10 Gigabit Intelligent Switches

The Allied Telesis x550 Series of stackable 10 Gigabit Layer 3 switches have capacity and resiliency coupled with easy management, meeting the needs of even the most demanding network core and distribution applications.

#### Overview

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Allied Telesis x550 switches are high performing and feature-rich, making them the ideal choice for today's networks. They offer a range of versatile solutions for many different Enterprise applications.

Three models provide 16 x 1G/10G copper, 16 x 1G/10G SFP+ slots, or 8 x 1G/2.5G/5G/10G copper and 8 x 1G/10G SFP+ slots, all with two 40G uplinks. With the power of Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack<sup>TM</sup>), the x550 Series is ideal for the network core, and demanding distribution applications.

#### Powerful network management

Allied Telesis Autonomous
Management Framework<sup>TM</sup> (AMF)
automates many everyday tasks
including configuration management,
to ease the workload of modern
converged networks. The entire
network can be managed as a
single virtual device with powerful
centralized features.

Network expansion is effortless with plug-and-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch.

AMF Guestnode allows third party devices, such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.

#### Resiliency

Converging network services means increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. VCStack, in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure, and provides access application resiliency.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure distributed networks have highspeed access to online resources and applications.

The x550 Series can form a VCStack of up to four units for enhanced resiliency and simplified device management. Stacking links can use any port speed, so the stack can be configured to suit specific needs.

Long distance stacking (VCStack LD), which enables stacks to be created over long distance fiber links, combines with full EPSRing support to make the x550 Series the perfect choice for distributed environments too.

#### **High-speed wireless**

The spread of high-speed wireless (802.11ac or "Wave2") is problematic for network infrastructure. Unless the infrastructure is upgraded to cope with increased speeds, it creates a bottleneck which negatively impacts the effectiveness of the wireless network. But increasing speeds from 1 Gigabit has traditionally meant moving to 10 Gigabit. This requires new cabling, which is expensive and time consuming to install.

The x550-18XSPQm solves these issues because it provides support for 2.5 and 5 Gigabit. At this speed, the wireless network runs at full capacity, and there is no need to replace existing Cat5E and Cat6 cables.

#### Secure

A secure network environment is guaranteed. The x550 Series offers powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, loop guard to protect against cabling mistakes, and tri-authentication for comprehensive access control.









#### **Future-proof**

The x550 Series ensures a future-proof network, with superior flexibility coupled with the ability to stack multiple units. All x550 Series models feature 40 Gigabit uplinks ports, and support OpenFlow and a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, to ensure they are ready for SDN and future network traffic demands.

#### **Environmentally friendly**

The x550 Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature can significantly reduce operating costs by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

### **Key Features**

- ► Autonomous Management Framework<sup>™</sup> (AMF) Master
- ► Continuous PoE
- ▶ 40G uplinks
- Stack using any port speed
- ▶ 4 x 10G breakout cables for 40G ports
- 2.5G for high-speed wireless applications
- ▶ OpenFlow v1.3
- ► G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection
- ► Precision Time Protocol (PTP)
  Transparent Mode









### **Key Features**

#### Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

- Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Powerful features like centralized management, autobackup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- Any x550 Series switch can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members. New network devices can be pre-provisioned making installation easy because no on-site configuration is required.
- AMF Guestnode allows Allied Telesis wireless access points and further switching products, as well as third party devices such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.

#### Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™)

▶ Create a VCStack of up to four units with 160 Gbps of stacking bandwidth to each unit. Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

#### Flexible Deployment

► The compact x550-18XTQ and x550-18XSQ enable easy deployment, and 2 units can be installed side-by-side in 1RU, saving valuable rack space. VCStack enables a single 32-port 1RU virtual unit with built in resilience.

## Long-Distance Stacking (VCStack-LD)

 Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

### Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

▶ EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several x550 switches to form high-speed protected rings capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high performance and high availability in enterprise networks.

#### **G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection**

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

### Industry-leading Quality of Service (QoS)

 Comprehensive low-latency wire speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of businesscritical Ethernet services and applications are provided. Time-critical services such as voice and video take precedence over non-essential services such as file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of Enterprise applications.

#### **Loop Protection**

- ► Thrash limiting, also known as rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.
- ▶ With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special Loop Detection Frame (LDF) packets that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, you can choose to disable the port, disable the link, or send an SNMP trap. This feature can help to detect loops before a network storm occurs, avoiding the risk and inconvenience of traffic disruption.

### Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

▶ With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as pan, tilt and zoom security cameras.

#### Continuous PoE

➤ Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

#### **Voice VLAN**

Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice- dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

#### Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv3)

OSPF is a scalable and adaptive routing protocol for IP networks. The addition of OSPFv3 adds support for IPv6 and further strengthens the Allied Telesis focus on next generation networking.

#### sFlow

sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

#### **VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)**

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analyzed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

#### **Optical DDM**

Most modern optical SFP/SFP+/XFP transceivers support Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) functions according to the specification SFF-8472. This enables real time monitoring of the various parameters of the transceiver, such as optical output power, temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage. Easy access to this information simplifies diagnosing problems with optical modules and fiber connections.

#### **Active Fiber Monitoring**

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent. Active Fiber Monitoring is supported on fiber data and fiber stacking links.

#### **Tri-authentication**

▶ Authentication options on the x550 Series also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication, to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods—IEEE 802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

#### **TACACS+ Command Authorization**

Centralize control of which commands may be issued by a specific user of an AlliedWare Plus device. TACACS+ command authorization complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution

#### **Premium Software License**

▶ By default, the x550 Series offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

#### **VLAN ACLs**

 Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. Access Control Lists (ACLs) can be applied to a Virtual LAN (VLAN) as well as a specific port.

#### Software Defined Networking (SDN)

OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost.

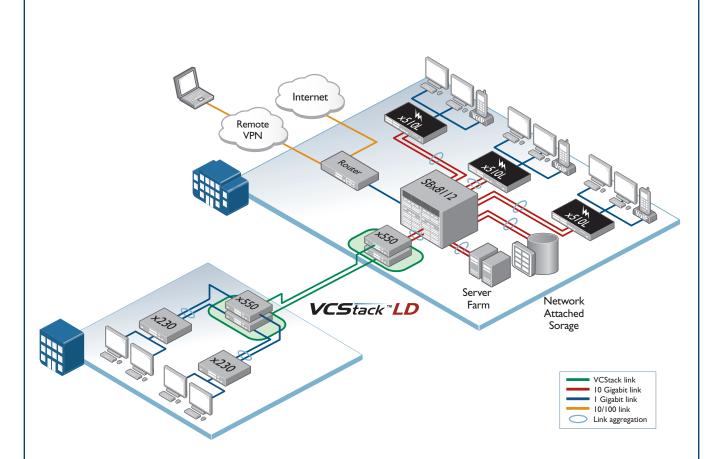
#### **Precision Time Protocol (PTP)**

 PTP (IEEE 1588v2) sychronizes clocks throughout the network with micro-second accuracy, supporting industrial automation and control systems.

#### **Multi-speed Ports**

➤ Copper ports on the x550-18XSPQm support 2.5 and 5 Gigabit connectivity to enable high-speed wireless, and the use of legacy Cat5E/6 cabling.

### **Key Solutions**



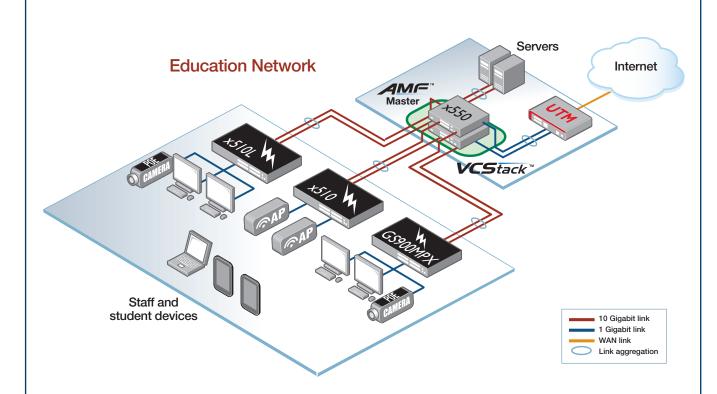
#### Resilient distribution switching

Allied Telesis x550 Series switches are ideal for distribution solutions, where resiliency and flexibility are required. In the above diagram, distribution switches utilize long-distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStackLD) to create a single virtual unit out of multiple devices. By using fiber stacking connectivity, units can be kilometers apart—perfect for a distributed environment.

When combined with link aggregation, VCStack provides a solution with no single point of failure, and which fully utilizes all available network bandwidth.

x550 switches provide a resilient and reliable distribution solution to support all networks with business-critical online resources and applications.

### **Key Solutions**



#### Resilient network core

x550 switches have the power of Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack), which removes any single point of failure from the network—making them perfect for small business or education solutions.

The diagram shows a pair of x550 switches in an education environment, with link aggregation between the core VCStack and servers, the firewall, and edge switches to provide resilient connectivity.

Allied Telesis edge switches connect and power access points for wireless network connectivity for staff and students, as well as IP security cameras to ensure a safe learning environment.

Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) simplifies and automates many day to day administration tasks, easing the burden of network management. The x550 switches act as the AMF master, automatically backing up the entire network, and providing plug-and-play network growth and zero-touch unit replacement.

#### **Specifications**

PRODUCT	1G/10G (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	1G/2.5G/5G/10G (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	1G/10G SFP+ PORTS	40G QSFP PORTS	MAX POE+ Enabled Ports	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE
x550-18XTQ	16	-	-	2	-	480Gbps	357.1Mpps
x550-18XSQ	-	-	16	2	-	480Gbps	357.1Mpps
x550-18XSPQm	-	8	8	2	8	480Gbps	357.1Mpps

#### **Performance**

- ▶ 160Gbps of stacking bandwidth
- ▶ Supports jumbo frames
  - > 12.3KB at 1G, 10G, 40G
  - > 6.5KB at 2.5G
  - > 10.0KB at 5G
- Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs
- ► Up to 16K MAC addresses
- ▶ Up to 256 multicast entries
- ► Up to 128 Link Aggregation Groups (LAGS) any combination of static and dynamic (LACP)
- ▶ 1024MB DDR SDRAM, 1024MB flash memory
- ► Packet buffer memory: 4MB

#### Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus<sup>™</sup> operating system
- ► Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

#### **Power Characteristics**

- ► AC voltage: 90 to 260V (auto-ranging)
- ► Frequency: 47 to 63Hz

#### Expandability

- ► Stack up to four units in a VCStack
- ▶ Premium license option for additional features

#### Flexibility and Compatibility

- ▶ 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- Stacking ports can be configured from 10G or 40G ports
- ► Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation

#### **Diagnostic Tools**

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ▶ Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Find-me device locator
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ► Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Port mirroring
- ► TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)

#### **IPv4 Features**

- ▶ Black hole routing
- ▶ Directed broadcast forwarding
- DNS relay
- ► Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
- ► Policy-based routing

- ► Route redistribution (OSPF, RIP, BGP)
- ▶ Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ► UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)

#### **IPv6 Features**

- ▶ DHCPv6 client and relay
- ► DNSv6 client and relay
- ► IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ► IPv6 aware storm protection and QoS
- ▶ IPv6 hardware ACLs
- ▶ Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- ► NTPv6 client and server
- ► Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv6
- ▶ Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6

#### Management

- ► Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- ► Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- ► Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ► Powerful CLI scripting engine
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- ► Built-in text editor
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

#### **Quality of Service**

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- ▶ Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- ► IPv6 QoS support
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ► Policy-based storm protection
- ► Extensive remarking capabilities
- ▶ Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- Type of Service (ToS) IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

#### **Resiliency Features**

- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ► EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- ► Flexi-stacking use any port speed to stack: 10G fiber, 10G copper or 40G fiber
- ► Long-Distance VCStack over fiber with 10G SFP+ modules or 40G QSFP+ modules (LD-VCStack)
- ► Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ▶ PVST+ compatibility mode
- ► STP root guard
- ▶ VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

#### **Security Features**

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ► Auth fail and guest VLANs
- Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (Δ Δ Δ)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ► BPDU protection
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ▶ DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- ▶ Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ► MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ► Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- ► Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ► Secure Copy (SCP)
- Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- ► Strong password security and encryption
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- ▶ Web-based authentication

#### **Software Defined Networking**

 OpenFlow v1.3 including support for connection interruption, control plane encryption and inactivity probe

#### **Environmental Specifications**

- ➤ Operating temperature range: 0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F) Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- ► Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- ► Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- ➤ Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- ➤ Operating altitude: 3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

#### x550 Series | Stackable 10 Gigabit Intelligent Switches

### **Electrical Approvals and Compliances**

- ► EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A
- ► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) AC models only

#### Safety

- Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950 1
- ► Certification: UL, cUL, TUV

#### Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ▶ EU RoHS compliant
- ► China RoHS compliant

#### **Physical Specifications**

PRODUCT	WIDTH	DEPTH	HEIGHT	WEIGHT
x550-18XTQ	210 mm (8.3 in)	346 mm (13.6 in)	44 mm (1.7 in)	3.1 kg (6.85 lb)
x550-18XSQ	210 mm (8.3 in)	346 mm (13.6 in)	44 mm (1.7 in)	3.2 kg (7.00 lb)
x550-18XSPQm	440 mm (17.3 in)	260 mm (10.2in)	44 mm (1.7 in)	4.2 kg (9.15 lb)

#### **Power Characteristics**

90-260VAC auto ranging, 47-63Hz

	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD			MAX POE	MAX POE+ PORTS
PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	POWER	AT 30W PER PORT
x550-18XTQ	128W	436 BTU/h	50 dBA	-	-	-	-	-
x550-18XSQ	111W	378 BTU/h	46 dBA	-	-	-	-	-
x550-18XSPQm	99W	338 BTU/h	47 dBA	391W	1334 BTU/h	47 dBA	240W	8

#### Latency (Microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED					
PRODUCI	1GBPS	10GBPS	40GBPS			
x550-18XTQ	3. <b>9</b> µs	3.0µs	<b>2.2</b> µs			
x550-18XSQ	3.9µs	<b>3.0</b> µs	2.2µs			
x550-18XSPQm	3.8µs	<b>3.0</b> µs	<b>2.3</b> µs			

#### **Standards and Protocols**

#### AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.4.9-1

#### Authentication

RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm
RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

#### **Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)**

BGP dynamic capability

BGP outbound route filtering

RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the Internet RFC 1997 BGP communities attribute Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5 RFC 2385 signature option RFC 2439 BGP route flap damping RFC 2545 Use of BGP-4 multiprotocol extensions for IPv6 inter-domain routing RFC 2858 Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4 RFC 2918 Route refresh capability for BGP-4 RFC 3392 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4 RFC 3882 Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service

Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)

BGP extended communities

RFC 4456 BGP route reflection - an alternative to full mesh iBGP

(DoS) attacks

RFC 4724 BGP graceful restart

RFC 4271

RFC 4360

RFC 4893 BGP support for four-octet AS number space RFC 5065 Autonomous system confederations for BGP

## Cryptographic Algorithms FIPS Approved Algorithms

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

► 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
Block Cipher Modes:

► CCM, CMAC, GCM, XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

► DSA, ECDSA, RSA Secure Hashing:

Secure Hashir

► SHA-1

► SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512) Message Authentication:

► HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512) Random Number Generation:

▶ DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

#### Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256)

DES MD5

Ethernet

IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T

IEEE 802.3ae10 Gigabit Ethernet

IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)

IEEE 802.3an10GBASE-T

IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

IEEE 802.3azEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)

IEEE 802.3ba40GBASE-X

IEEE 802.3bz 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T

IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation

IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IEEE 1588v2 Precision clock synchronization protocol v2

#### IPv4 Features

IPV4 Fea	atures
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 826	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP
	datagrams over Ethernet networks
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the
	presence of subnets
RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme
RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure
RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
RFC 1027	Proxy ARP
RFC 1035	DNS client
RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP

datagrams over IEEE 802 networks

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RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum	RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the	IEEE 802.1s	Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
RFC 1122	Internet host requirements		Ethernet-like interface types	IEEE 802.1v	v Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery	RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB	IEEE 802.38	adStatic and dynamic link aggregation
RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol	RFC 5798	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3
RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with		(TCP)		(VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6
DE0 1510	CIDR	RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)		_
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges		y Features
RFC 1542 RFC 1591	Clarifications and extensions for BootP Domain Name System (DNS)	RFC 4292 RFC 4293	IP forwarding table MIB MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)	SSH remote	•
RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers	RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	SSLv2 and S	SSLv3 accounting, Authentication, Authorization (AAA)
RFC 1918	IP addressing	111 0 4010	with RSTP		( authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP
RFC 2581	TCP congestion control	RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote	ILLL 002.17	and MD5)
	·		ping, traceroute and lookup operations	IFFF 802.1)	( multi-supplicant authentication
IPv6 Fe	atures	RFC 5424	Syslog protocol		( port-based network access control
RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6	RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3		X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol
RFC 2460	IPv6 specification				(OCSP)
RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet		st Support	RFC 2818	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
DE0 0744	networks		outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM	RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication
RFC 2711	IPv6 router alert option	IGMP query		RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting
RFC 3484 RFC 3587	Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format		oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) oing fast-leave	RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6		multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)	RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax specification v1.7
RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture		ing (MLDv1 and v2)	RFC 3546	Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses		and PIM SSM for IPv6	RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication
RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and	RFC 1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)		Protocol (EAP)
	routers	RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2	RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture		(IGMPv2)	RFC 3748	PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)	RFC 2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6	RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6	RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing	RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC)	DEC 2206	protocols	RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection	RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses	RFC 4254 RFC 5246	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6	RFC 3376	IGMPv3	RFC 5280	Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2 X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation
RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for	111 0 0200	List (CRL) profile
RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard		IPv6	RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport
		RFC 3956	Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP)		mapping for Syslog
Manage	ement		address in an IPv6 multicast address	RFC 5656	Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
AMF MIB ar	nd SNMP traps	RFC 3973	PIM Dense Mode (DM)	RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity
AT Enterpris		RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches		within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
SNMPv1, v2		RFC 4601	Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse	RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption
IEEE 802.1A	ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)		Mode (PIM-SM): protocol specification		for RADIUS
DE0 4455	01		(	DEC CCCO	CLIA O data internity conditionaling for CCII
RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management	DEC 4604	(revised)	RFC 6668	SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH
	information for TCP/IP-based Internets	RFC 4604	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-		• ,
RFC 1155	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol		Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast	Service	s
	information for TCP/IP-based Internets	RFC 4604 RFC 4607	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-		S Telnet protocol specification
RFC 1157	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)	RFC 4607	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast	Service RFC 854	s
RFC 1157	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions	RFC 4607  Open SI	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP	Service RFC 854 RFC 855	S Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications
RFC 1157	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the	RFC 4607  Open SI  OSPF link-lo  OSPF MD5	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  cal signaling authentication	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857	S Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP	Open SI OSPF link-lo OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF) cal signaling authentication I LSDB resync	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858	S Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	Open SI OSPF link-lc OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF) cal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227 RFC 1239	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB	Open SI OSPF link-lo OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF) bocal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227 RFC 1239 RFC 1724	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 4607  Open SI  OSPF link-lc  OSPF MD5  Out-of-banc  RFC 1245  RFC 1246  RFC 1370	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  coal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 2049 RFC 2131	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227 RFC 1239	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-lc OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF) cal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227 RFC 1239 RFC 1724	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 4607  Open SI  OSPF link-lc  OSPF MD5  Out-of-banc  RFC 1245  RFC 1246  RFC 1370	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  coal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 2049 RFC 2131	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227 RFC 1229 RFC 1724 RFC 2578	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2)	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-le OSPF MD5 Out-of-bane RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  Mortest Path First (OSPF) ocal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227 RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-lo OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  cal signaling authentication ILSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 1157 RFC 1212 RFC 1213 RFC 1215 RFC 1227 RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-Ic OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  coal signalling authentication ILSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82)
RFC 1157  RFC 1212  RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227  RFC 1239  RFC 1724  RFC 2578  RFC 2578  RFC 2580  RFC 2674	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF IInk-Ic OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  cal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3315	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 1157  RFC 1212  RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227  RFC 1239  RFC 1724  RFC 2578  RFC 2579  RFC 2580  RFC 2674	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF IInk-Ic OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  coal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3315 RFC 3633	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 1157  RFC 1212 RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227 RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578  RFC 2579 RFC 2580 RFC 2674  RFC 2741 RFC 2787	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-lc OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509  RFC 3623 RFC 3630	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF) bocal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 1157  RFC 1212  RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227  RFC 1239  RFC 1724  RFC 2578  RFC 2579  RFC 2580  RFC 2674  RFC 2787  RFC 2787  RFC 2819	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-lc OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509  RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF) cal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3315 RFC 3633	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay
RFC 1157  RFC 1212  RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227  RFC 1239  RFC 1724  RFC 2578  RFC 2579  RFC 2580  RFC 2674  RFC 2787  RFC 2787  RFC 2819  RFC 2863	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB	RFC 4607  Open SI  OSPF link-lc  OSPF MD5  Out-of-banc  RFC 1245  RFC 1246  RFC 1370  RFC 1765  RFC 2328  RFC 2370  RFC 2740  RFC 3101  RFC 3509  RFC 3630  RFC 3630  RFC 4552  RFC 5329	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  In ortest Path First (OSPF)  In ortest Path	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3046  RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
RFC 1157  RFC 1212  RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227  RFC 1239  RFC 1724  RFC 2578  RFC 2579  RFC 2580  RFC 2674  RFC 2787  RFC 2787  RFC 2819	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-lc OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509  RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF) cal signaling authentication I LSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
RFC 1157  RFC 1212  RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227  RFC 1239  RFC 1724  RFC 2578  RFC 2579  RFC 2580  RFC 2674  RFC 2787  RFC 2787  RFC 2819  RFC 2863	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-lc OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 37101 RFC 3509  RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  hortest Path First (OSPF)  coal signaling authentication ILSDB resync OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF OSPF database overflow OSPFv2 OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993  RFC 4330	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 1157  RFC 1212  RFC 1213  RFC 1215  RFC 1227  RFC 1239  RFC 1724  RFC 2578  RFC 2579  RFC 2580  RFC 2674  RFC 2741  RFC 2787  RFC 2819  RFC 2863  RFC 3176	information for TCP/IP-based Internets Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks	RFC 4607  Open SI OSPF link-le OSPF MD5 Out-of-banc RFC 1245 RFC 1246 RFC 1370 RFC 1765 RFC 2328 RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340  Quality	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source- specific multicast Source-specific multicast for IP  In ortest Path First (OSPF)  In ortest Path	Service RFC 854 RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350  RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046  RFC 3046  RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)RFC 1985 SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
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#### **Ordering Information**

#### **Feature Licenses**

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x550-01	x550 premium license	<ul> <li>▶ BGP4 (256 routes)</li> <li>▶ RIP (256 routes)</li> <li>▶ OSPF (256 routes)</li> <li>▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM</li> <li>▶ EPSR master</li> <li>▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q)</li> <li>▶ RIPng (256 routes)</li> <li>▶ OSPFv3 (256 routes)</li> <li>▶ MLDv1 and v2</li> <li>▶ PIMv6-SM</li> <li>▶ UDLD</li> </ul>	➤ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x550-AM20-1YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 20 nodes for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x550-AM20-5YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 20 nodes for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x550-0F13-1YR	OpenFlow license	► OpenFlow v1.3 for 1 year	► Not supported
AT-FL-x550-0F13-5YR	OpenFlow license	► OpenFlow v1.3 for 5 years	► Not supported
AT-FL-x550-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	► G.8032 ring protection ► Ethernet CFM	<ul> <li>One license per stack member</li> </ul>
AT-FL-x550-CP0E	Continuous PoE license	➤ Continuous PoE power for XSPQm model**	<ul> <li>One license per stack member</li> </ul>

#### **Switches**

Model availability can vary between regions. Please check our website to see which models are available in your region.

#### AT-x550-18XTQ-xx

16-port 1G/10G BaseT stackable switch with 2 QSFP ports

#### AT-x550-18XSQ-xx

16-port 1G/10G SFP+ stackable switch with 2 QSFP ports

#### AT-x550-18XSPQm-xx

8-port 1G/2.5G/5G/10G BaseT PoE+ and 8-port 1G/10G SFP+ stackable switch with 2 QSFP ports

Note: switches ship with 19-inch rack mount brackets

#### AT-RKMT-J15

Rack mount kit to install two XTQ and/or XSQ devices side by side in a 19-inch equipment rack

Where xx = 10 for US power cord

20 for no power cord

30 for UK power cord

40 for Australian power cord

50 for European power cord

#### **40GbE QSPF Modules**

#### AT-QSFPLR4

40GLR4 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

#### AT-QSFPSR4

40GSR4 850 nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF

#### AT-QSFP1CU

QSFP+ copper cable 1m

#### AT-QSFP3CU

QSFP+ copper cable 3m **Breakout Cables** 

#### For 4 x 10G connections

AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-3CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (3 m) AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-5CU QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (5 m)

### 10GbE SFP+ Modules

#### AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

#### AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

#### AT-SP10LR/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10LR20/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10ER40/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10ZR80/I

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10T

10GBase-T 20 m copper 1,2

#### AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

#### AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

#### 1000Mbps SFP Modules

#### AT-SPTXa

1000T 100 m copper

#### AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

#### AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

#### AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

#### AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature

#### AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

Note that any Allied Telesis 40G or 10G module or direct attach cable can also be used for stacking. Stacking is also supported using the 10G RJ45 copper ports.



**NETWORK SMARTER** 

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<sup>1</sup> Using Cat 6a/7 cabling

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Up to 100 m running at 1G